

Year 11 Revision Schedule 2024-25

Subject/Course:	GCSE Computer Science
Student Name:	GCSE Year 11 students

		Торіс	Key knowledge/skills/questions	Resources/activities/links
Week 1	Monday 20 January 2025	1.1 Systems architecture	The purpose of the CPU • The fetch-execute cycle Common CPU components and their function: • ALU (Arithmetic Logic Unit) • CU (Control Unit) • Cache • Registers Von Neumann architecture: • MAR (Memory Address Register) • MDR (Memory Data Register) • Program Counter • Accumulator How common characteristics of CPUs affect their performance: • Clock speed • Clock speed • Clock speed • The purpose and characteristics of embedded • Systems	 1.1 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave <u>videos</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should watch all the topics) Teach ICT <u>sections</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should cover all topics) theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint Seneca
Week 2	Monday 27 January 2025	1.2 Memory and Storage	 The need for primary storage The difference between RAM and ROM The purpose of ROM in a computer system The purpose of RAM in a computer system Virtual memory The need for secondary storage Common types of storage: 	 1.2 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive <u>Craig n Dave videos</u> (link is to first one complete all in following slides) <u>Teach ICT sections</u> (link is to first section complete all in following slides – theory, flashcards, revision quizzes) User name: br27db Password: memory8

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		o Optical o Magnetic o Solid state	•Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint • <u>Seneca</u>
		• Suitable storage devices and storage media for	
		a given application	
		 The advantages and disadvantages of 	
		different storage devices and storage media	
		relating to these characteristics:	
		o Capacity	
		o Speed	
		o Portability	
		o Durability	
		o Reliability	
		o Cost	
		The units of data storage:	
		o Bit	
		o Nibble (4 bits)	
		o Byte (8 bits)	
		o Kilobyte (1,000 bytes or 1 KB)	
		o Megabyte (1,000 KB)	
		o Gigabyte (1,000 MB)	
		o Terabyte (1,000 GB)	
		o Petabyte (1,000 TB)	
		How data needs to be converted into a binary	
		format to be processed by a computer	
		Data capacity and calculation of data capacity	
		requirements	
		Numbers	
		How to convert positive denary whole numbers to bipage numbers (up to and	
		numbers to binary numbers (up to and including 8 bits) and vice versa	
		 How to add two binary integers together (up 	
		to and including 8 bits) and explain overflow	
		errors which may occur	
		How to convert positive denary whole	
		numbers into 2-digit hexadecimal numbers	
		and vice versa	
		How to convert binary integers to their	
		hexadecimal equivalents and vice versa	
		Binary shifts	
		Characters	
		The use of binary codes to represent	
		characters	

	Monday 27	1.3 Computer networks, connections and protocols	 The term 'character set' The relationship between the number of bits per character in a character set, and the number of characters which can be represented, e.g.: ASCII Unicode Images How an image is represented as a series of pixels, represented in binary Metadata The effect of colour depth and resolution on: The size of an image file How sound can be sampled and stored in digital form The effect of sample rate, duration and bit depth on: The need for compression Types of compression: Lossy Lossless Types of network: Uses Lossless Types of network: Lossless Types of network: Lossless Types of network: LAN (Local Area Network)	 1.3 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave videos (hyperlink is to the
Week 3	January 2025		 WAN (Wide Area Network) Factors that affect the performance of networks The different roles of computers in a client-server and a peer-to-peer network The hardware needed to connect stand-alone computers into a Local Area Network: Wireless access points Routers Switches NIC (Network Interface Controller/Card) Transmission media The Internet as a worldwide collection of computer networks: DNS (Domain Name Server) 	first one but you should watch all of them) •Teach ICT <u>sections</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should cover all topics) theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 •Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint • <u>Seneca</u>

		 Hosting The Cloud Web servers and clients Star and Mesh network topologies Modes of connection: Wired Ethernet Wireless Wi-Fi Bluetooth Encryption IP addressing and MAC addressing Standards Common protocols including: TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) HTTPS (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol) HTTPS (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure) FTP (File Transfer Protocol) FTP (File Transfer Protocol) MAP (Internet Message Access Protocol) SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) The concept of layers 	
Monday Februa 2025	ary	 Forms of attack: Malware Social engineering, e.g. phishing, people as the 'weak point' Brute-force attacks Denial of service attacks Data interception and theft The concept of SQL injection Common prevention methods: Penetration testing Anti-malware software Firewalls User access levels Passwords Encryption 	 1.4 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave <u>videos</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should watch all of them) Teach ICT <u>sections</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should cover all topics) theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint <u>Seneca</u>

Week 4	Monday 10 February	1.5 Systems Software	 The purpose and functionality of operating systems: User interface Memory management and multitasking Peripheral management and drivers User management File management The purpose and functionality of utility software Utility system software: Encryption software Defragmentation Data compression 	 1.5 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave <u>videos</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should watch all of them) Teach ICT <u>sections</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should cover all topics) theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint <u>Seneca</u>
Week 5	Half Term Monday 17 February	Practice past exam paper	 Computer systems Computational thinking, algorithms and programming 	Work through the past paper and then use the mark scheme to go through the answers.
Week 6	Monday 24 February	1.6 Ethical, legal, cultural and environmental impacts of digital technology	 Impacts of digital technology on wider society including: Ethical issues Legal issues Cultural issues Environmental issues Privacy issues Legislation relevant to Computer Science: The Data Protection Act 2018 Computer Misuse Act 1990 Copyright Designs and Patents Act 1988 Software licences (i.e. open source and proprietary) 	 1.6 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave <u>videos</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should watch all of them) Teach ICT <u>sections</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should cover all topics) -theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint <u>Seneca</u>
Week 7	Monday 3 March	2.1 Algorithms	 computational thinking: abstraction Decomposition algorithmic thinking Identify the inputs, processes, and outputs for a problem Structure diagrams Create, interpret, correct, complete, and refine algorithms using: o Pseudocode 	 •2.1 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive •Craig n Dave <u>videos</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should watch all of them) •Teach ICT <u>sections</u> • theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 •Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint •<u>Seneca</u>

			 Flowcharts Reference language/high-level programming language Identify common errors Identify common errors Trace tables Standard searching algorithms: Binary search Linear search Standard sorting algorithms: Bubble sort Merge sort Insertion sort 	
Week 8	Monday 10 March	2.2 Programming fundamentals	 The use of variables, constants, operators, inputs, outputs and assignments The use of the three basic programming constructs used to control the flow of a program: Sequence Selection Iteration (count- and condition-controlled loops) The common arithmetic operators The common Boolean operators AND, OR and NOT The use of data types: Integer Real Boolean Character and string Casting The use of basic string manipulation The use of basic file handling operations: Open Read Write Close The use of source to store data The use of arrays (or equivalent) when solving problems, including both one-dimensional (1D) and two-dimensional arrays (2D) How to use sub programs (functions and procedures) to produce structured code 	 2.2 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave <u>videos</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should watch all of them) Teach ICT <u>sections</u> theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint Seneca

			Random number generation	
Week 9	Monday 17 March	2.3 Defensive design	 Defensive design considerations: Anticipating misuse Authentication Input validation Maintainability: Use of sub programs Naming conventions Indentation Indentation Commenting The purpose of testing Types of testing: Iterative Final/terminal Identify syntax and logic errors Selecting and using suitable test data: Normal Boundary Invalid/Erroneous Refining algorithms 	 2.3 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave <u>videos</u> (hyperlink is to the first one but you should watch all of them) Teach ICT <u>sections</u> theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint <u>Seneca</u>
Week 10	Monday 24 March	2.4 Boolean logic	 Simple logic diagrams using the operators AND, OR and NOT Truth tables Combining Boolean operators using AND, OR and NOT Applying logical operators in truth tables to solve problems Characteristics and purpose of different levels of programming language: High-level languages Low-level languages The purpose of translators The characteristics of a compiler and an interpreter Common tools and facilities available in an Integrated Development Environment (IDE): Etitors Fror diagnostics Run-time environment 	 2.4 and 2.5 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave videos Teach ICT sections theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint Seneca

			o Translators	
Week 11	Monday 31 March	2.5 Programming languages and Integrated Development Environments	 Characteristics and purpose of different levels of programming language: o High-level languages o Low-level languages " The purpose of translators " The characteristics of a compiler and an interpreter Common tools and facilities available in an Integrated Development Environment (IDE): o Editors o Error diagnostics o Run-time environment o Translators 	 2.5 Lesson PowerPoints in U drive Craig n Dave videos Teach ICT sections theory, flashcards, revision quizzes: User name: br27db Password: memory8 Your completed workbooks and terminology PowerPoint Seneca
Week 12	Easter Monday 7 April	Practice past exam paper 1	Computer systems	Work through the past paper and then use the mark scheme to go through the answers.
Week 13	Easter Monday 14 April	Practice past paper 2	Computational thinking, algorithms and programming	Work through the past paper and then use the mark scheme to go through the answers.
Week 14	Monday 21 April	Practice exam techniques	Computer Systems & Computational thinking, algorithms and programming	Past test papers with mark schemes
Week 15	Monday 28 April	Practice exam questions for paper 1 for the exam	Computer Systems	End of unit tests with mark schemes Resources on the U drive folder for each Component 1 Past test papers

Week 16	Monday 5May	Practice exam questions for paper 2 for the exam	Computational thinking, algorithms and programming	End of unit tests with mark schemes Resources on the U drive folder for each Component 2 Past test papers
Week 17	Monday 12 May	15 May – Exam Paper 1 - Computer systems		Use of blank page retrieval, mind map and Flash cards. Use revision guide and note book.
Week 14	Monday 19 May	21 May – Exam Paper 2 - Computational thinking, algorithms and programming		Use of blank page retrieval, mind map and Flash cards. Use revision guide and note book.