

Year 11 Revision Schedule 2024- 2025

Subject/Course:	GCSE Combined Biology HIGHER (AQA)
Student Name:	

		Торіс	Key knowledge/skills/questions	Resources/activities/links
Week 1	Monday 13 January 2025	4.5.1 Homeostasis 4.5.2 The human nervous system 4.5.3 Hormonal coordination in humans	 What homeostasis is and why it is important The different parts of the nervous system and how they work together to co-ordinate a nervous response Reflex actions- examples and how they are different to a normal nervous response Synapses- how they work CORE PRACTICAL- investigating reaction time Different glands of the endocrine system – names and labels, which hormones they secrete Controlling blood glucose using insulin and glucagon Which hormones control puberty and the menstrual cycle How different contraceptives work The process of IVF and how it works The uses of the hormones thyroxine and adrenaline in the body and where they are secreted from 	 BBC bitesize homeostasis and response <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zyybb82</u> Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
Week 2	Monday 20 January 2025	4.6.1 Reproduction 4.7.1 Adaptations, interdependence and competition	 DNA structure and function including what a genome is What are genes and chromosomes Sexual vs asexual reproduction The cell cycle The processes of mitosis and meiosis – how they work, what they are used for, the differences between them What ecosystems are Competition in animals and plants- why and how they do this Adaptation in animals and plants- different types of adaptations for different environments Abiotic and biotic factors- what these are and examples of each 	 BBC bitesize Reproduction https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zycmk2p/revision/1 BBC bitesize Ecology https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zxxhh39 Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on

Week 3	Monday 27 January 2025	4.7.2 Organisation of an ecosystem4.7.3 Biodiversity and the effect of human interaction on ecosystems	 Food chains- how these are structured and the naming system we use for each stage (i.e. producers/consumers) CORE PRACTICAL: How to sample an area using quadrats or transects to estimate biodiversity or population size (e.g. of a type of plant) The water cycle The carbon cycle Biodiversity- what this means and why it is important How humans are affecting biodiversity (land use, water pollution, air pollution) Global warming- how and why this is happening Deforestation- reasons for doing this and the impact it has on the environment How we can help to maintain ecosystems and biodiversity 	 BBC bitesize Ecology https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zxxhh39 Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
Week 4	Monday 3 February	Summarise the above Focus on Practical Skills Focus on exam technique by practising past papers	 Make sure you are confident with the content you have revised over the past 3 weeks- go over any tricky areas again Use blank page retrieval to identify gaps and address these by making a mind map Remind yourself of the key practical skills that might be assessed Practise answering questions in enough detail, using key vocabulary and under timed conditions 	BBC bitesize Practical Skills https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zqqmmsg Link to AQA past papers https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/science/gcse/combined- science-trilogy-8464/assessment- resources?f.Component%7C7=Paper+2+Biology
Week 5	Half Term Monday 10 February	Summarise the aboveFocus on Practical Skills Focus on exam technique by practising past papers	 Make sure you are confident with the content you have revised over the past 3 weeks- go over any tricky areas again Use blank page retrieval to identify gaps and address these by making a mind map Remind yourself of the key practical skills that might be assessed Practise answering questions in enough detail, using key vocabulary and under timed conditions 	BBC bitesize Practical Skills <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zqqmmsg</u> Link to AQA past papers <u>https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/science/gcse/combined-</u> <u>science-trilogy-8464/assessment-</u> <u>resources?f.Component%7C7=Paper+2+Biology</u>
Week 6	Half Term Monday 17 February	4.1.1 Cell structure 4.1.2 Cell division 4.1.3 Transport in cells	 Eukaryote and prokaryote structure Animal and plant cell structure and functions of sub cellular structures How to use a microscope to observe cells and draw cells seen Cell specialisation and cell differentiation Differences between light and electron microscopes How to use the magnification equation Where chromosomes are found What happens in the cell cycle and why the cell cycle happens 	BBC bitesize Cells https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z2mttv4 • Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on

Week 7	Monday 24 February	 4.2.1 Principles or organisation 4.2.2 animal tissues, organs and organ systems 4.2.3 Plant tissues, organs and organ systems 	 What a stem cell is and where stems cells are found in embryos, adults and plants Use of stem cells for therapeutic cloning and production of cloned plants What happens in diffusion and which factors affect the rate of diffusion How to calculate SA:V Explain how animal and plants are adapted for exchanging materials What is osmosis and what happened in the required practical investigating the effect of changing salt solution on the mass of plant tissue (potato chips) What is active transport What is the organisation in living organisms Digestive system- what are the organs and their functions Enzyme structure and function – including the lock and key theory Digestive enzymes- amylase, proteas and lipase- where are these produced and what do they do Role of bile How temperature and pH affect enzyme activity Required practical effect of pH on the rate of reaction of amylase enzyme on digestion of starch Heart structure and types of blood vessels What is in the tissue blood Coronary heart diseases- what it is and how valves and transplants can be treatments Factors that can cause/ contribute to ill health Use disease data to draw conclusions Cancer cells and the difference between benign tumours and malignant tumours. Plant tissues- epidermal, palisade and spongy mesophyll, xylem and phloem Leaf structure Adaptations of root hair cells, xylem and phloem 	BBC bitesize Organisation https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zwj22nb • Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
Week 8	Monday 3 March	4.3.1 Communicable disease	 affect it Role of leaves, stem, root Translocation and where this happens in a plant Spread of diseases Pathogen definition How do bacteria and viruses make us poorly Symptoms and treatments/prevention of spread for viral diseases – measles, HIV, TMV Symptoms and treatments/prevention of spread for bacterial diseases – <i>Salmonella</i>, Gonorrhoea, 	BBC bitesize Infection and response https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z9kww6f
			 Generation of spread for fungal diseases – Rose black spot 	Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on

Week 9	Monday 10 March	4.4.1 Photosynthesis 4.4.2 Respiration	 Symptoms and treatments/prevention of spread for protist diseases – Malaria Non specific defence systems in the human body Role of while blood cells defending against pathogens Vaccination – what happens in the body Antibiotics- what these medicines do and issues with their overuse What do painkillers do? Origin of drugs digitalis and aspirin and how Penicillin was discovered Stages needed when testing a drug and why these steps are important Photosynthesis equation and photosynthesis is an endothermic reaction Effects of temperature, light intensity, carbon dioxide concentration and amount of chlorophyll on the rate of photosynthesis Understanding these factors (above) interact and one may be a limiting factor H: how to use the inverse square law to calculate light intensity (greenhouses) Required practical: investigating the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis Uses of glucose (produced in photosynthesis) Respiration is an exothermic reaction Equations for aerobic respiration and anaerobic respiration (muscles and yeast/plants) Why do organisms need energy Effect of exercise on the body and issues with ongoing anaerobic respiration occurring- muscle fatigue, lactic acid production and oxygen debt 	BBC bitesize Bioenergetics https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgr997h Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
			production and oxygen debtWhat is metabolism (definition and examples)	
Week 10	Monday 17 March	4.5.1 Homeostasis 4.5.2 The human nervous system 4.5.3 Hormonal coordination in humans	 What homeostasis is and why it is important The different parts of the nervous system and how they work together to co-ordinate a nervous response Reflex actions- examples and how they are different to a normal nervous response Synapses- how they work Required practical - investigating reaction time Different glands of the endocrine system – names and labels, which hormones they secrete Controlling blood glucose using insulin and glucagon Which hormones control puberty and the menstrual cycle How different contraceptives work The process of IVF and how it works The uses of the hormones thyroxine and adrenaline in the body and where they are secreted from 	 BBC bitesize homeostasis and response <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zyybb82</u> Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on

Week 11	Monday 24 March	 4.7.1 Adaptations, interdependence and competition 4.7.2 Organisation of an ecosystem 4.7.3 Biodiversity and the effect of human interaction on ecosystems 	 Competition in animals and plants- why and how they do this Adaptation in animals and plants- different types of adaptations for different environments Abiotic and biotic factors- what these are and examples of each Food chains- how these are structured and the naming system we use for each stage (i.e. producers/consumers) CORE PRACTICAL: How to sample an area using quadrats or transects to estimate biodiversity or population size (e.g. of a type of plant) The water cycle Biodiversity- what this means and why it is important How humans are affecting biodiversity (land use, water pollution, air pollution) Global warming- how and why this is happening Deforestation- reasons for doing this and the impact it has on the environment How we can help to maintain ecosystems and biodiversity 	BBC bitesize Ecology https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zxxhh39 • Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
Week 12	Monday 31 March	 4.6.1 Reproduction 4.6.2 Variation and evolution 4.6.3 Development of understanding on genetics and evolution 4.6.4 Classification of living organisms 	 The process of meiosis Differences between sexual and asexual reproduction Structure of DNA and define genome Importance of understanding the human genome Alleles, dominant, recessive, homozygous, heterozygous, genotype and phenotype Predicting the probability of inheriting a characteristic - using a Punnett square (H constructing a Punnett square) Inheritance of Polydactyly and Cystic fibrosis Determination of sex 	BBC bitesize Inheritance, variation and evolution https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zppffcw BBC bitesize Cells https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z2mttv4
			 What causes differences in individuals in a population The process of evolution Evidence for evolution (fossils, genes, resistant bacteria) Extinction The process of selective breeding The process of genetic engineering Classification of living organisms and evolutionary trees 	Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
ek 13	Easter Monday 7 April	4.4.1 Photosynthesis 4.4.2 Respiration 4.2.1 Principles or organisation	 Photosynthesis equation and photosynthesis is an endothermic reaction Effects of temperature, light intensity, carbon dioxide concentration and amount of chlorophyll on the rate of photosynthesis 	BBC bitesize Organisation <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zwj22nb</u>
Week		4.2.2 animal tissues, organs and organ systems	 Understanding these factors (above) interact and one may be a limiting factor H: how to use the inverse square law to calculate light intensity H: how to maximise rate of photosynthesis and maintain a profit (greenhouses) 	BBC bitesize Bioenergetics https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zgr997h

		4.2.3 Plant tissues, organs and organ systems	 Uses or glucose (produced in photosynthesis) Respiration is an exothermic reaction Equations for aerobic respiration and anaerobic respiration (muscles and yeast/plants) Why do organisms need energy Effect of exercise on the body and issues with ongoing anaerobic respiration occurring- muscle fatigue, lactic acid production and oxygen debt What is metabolism (definition and examples) What is metabolism (definition and examples) What is the organisation in living organisms Digestive system- what are the organs and their functions Enzyme structure and function – including the lock and key theory Digestive enzymes- amylase, proteas and lipase- where are these produced and what do they do Role of bile How temperature and pH affect enzyme activity Required practical Food tests Required practical food tests What is in the tissue blood Coronary heart diseases- what it is and how valves and transplants can be treatments Factors that can cause/ contribute to ill health Use disease data to draw conclusions Cancer cells and the difference between benign tumours and malignant tumours. Plant tissues- epidermal, palisade and spongy mesophyll, xylem and phloem Leaf structure Adaptations of root hair cells, xylem and phloem Transpiration-how it is measured (potometer) and which factors affect it Role of leix 	on and choose these topics to questions on
Week 14	Easter Monday 14 April	4.3.1 Communicable disease	 Role of leaves, stem, root Translocation and where this happens in a plant Spread of diseases Pathogen definition How do bacteria and viruses make us poorly Symptoms and treatments/prevention of spread for viral diseases – measles, HIV, TMV Symptoms and treatments/prevention of spread for bacterial 	ection and response k/bitesize/topics/z9kww6f
>			Symptoms and treatments/prevention of spread for fundal	on and choose these topics to questions on

			 Symptoms and treatments/prevention of spread for protist diseases – Malaria Non specific defence systems in the human body Role of while blood cells defending against pathogens Vaccination – what happens in the body Antibiotics- what these medicines do and issues with their overuse What do painkillers do? Origin of drugs digitalis and aspirin and how Penicillin was discovered Stages needed when testing a drug and why these steps are important 	
Week 15	Monday 21 April	4.1.1 Cell structure4.1.2 Cell division 4.1.3 Transport in cells	 Eukaryote and prokaryote structure Animal and plant cell structure and functions of sub cellular structures How to use a microscope to observe cells and draw cells seen Cell specialisation and cell differentiation Differences between light and electron microscopes How to use the magnification equation Where chromosomes are found What happens in the cell cycle and why the cell cycle happens What a stem cell is and where stems cells are found in embryos, adults and plants Use of stem cells for therapeutic cloning and production of cloned plants What happens in diffusion and which factors affect the rate of diffusion How to calculate SA:V Explain how animal and plants are adapted for exchanging materials What is osmosis and what happened in the required practical investigating the effect of changing salt solution on the mass of plant tissue (potato chips) What is active transport 	BBC bitesize Cells https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z2mttv4 • Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
Week 16	Monday 28 April	Paper 1 revision	Paper 1 personal revision (4.1 cells, 4.2 Organisation, 4.3 Infection and response and 4.4 Bioenergetics) Complete blank page retrieval of your revision sheets for these chapters Identify which gaps you still have Use revision guides, bbc bitesize and educake to address these issues	BBC bitesize trilogy science revision: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/examspecs/z8r997h AQA past paper questions paper 1 https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/science/gcse/combined- science-trilogy-8464/assessment- resources?f.Component%7C7=Paper+1+Biology

Week 17	Monday 5 May	Paper 1 revision	Paper 1 personal revision (4.1 cells, 4.2 Organisation, 4.3 Infection and response and 4.4 Bioenergetics) Complete blank page retrieval of your revision sheets for these chapters Identify which gaps you still have	BBC bitesize trilogy science revision: <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/examspecs/z8r997h</u> AQA past paper questions paper 1 <u>https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/science/gcse/combined-</u>
3			Use revision guides, bbc bitesize and educake to address these issues	<u>science-trilogy-8464/assessment-</u> resources?f.Component%7C7=Paper+1+Biology
Week 18	Monday 12 May	13 th May Biology paper 1 4.6.1 Reproduction 4.6.2 Variation and evolution 4.6.3 Development of understanding on genetics and evolution 4.6.4 Classification of living organisms	 The process of meiosis Differences between sexual and asexual reproduction Advantages and disadvantages of sexual and asexual reproduction (H) Structure of DNA and define genome Importance of understanding the human genome Alleles, dominant, recessive, homozygous, heterozygous, genotype and phenotype Predicting the probability of inheriting a characteristic -using a Punnett square (H constructing a Punnett square) Inheritance of Polydactyly and Cystic fibrosis Determination of sex What causes differences in individuals in a population The process of evolution Evidence for evolution (fossils, genes, resistant bacteria) Extinction The process of selective breeding The process of genetic engineering Classification of living organisms and evolutionary trace 	 BBC bitesize Inheritance, variation and evolution https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zppffcw Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on
Week 19	Monday 19 May	4.5.1 Homeostasis 4.5.2 The human nervous system 4.5.3 Hormonal coordination in humans	 trees What homeostasis is and why it is important The different parts of the nervous system and how they work together to co-ordinate a nervous response Reflex actions- examples and how they are different to a normal nervous response Synapses- how they work 	 BBC bitesize homeostasis and response <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zyybb82</u> Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on

			 Required practical - investigating reaction time Different glands of the endocrine system – names and labels, which hormones they secrete Controlling blood glucose using insulin and glucagon Which hormones control puberty and the menstrual cycle How different contraceptives work The process of IVF and how it works The uses of the hormones thyroxine and adrenaline in the body and where they are secreted from 	
Week 20	Monday 26 May Half Term	 4.7.1 Adaptations, interdependence and competition 4.7.2 Organisation of an ecosystem 4.7.3 Biodiversity and the effect of human interaction on ecosystems 	 Competition in animals and plants- why and how they do this Adaptation in animals and plants- different types of adaptations for different environments Abiotic and biotic factors- what these are and examples of each Food chains- how these are structured and the naming system we use for each stage (i.e. producers/consumers) CORE PRACTICAL: How to sample an area using quadrats or transects to estimate biodiversity or population size (e.g. of a type of plant) The water cycle The carbon cycle Biodiversity- what this means and why it is important How humans are affecting biodiversity (land use, water pollution, air pollution) Global warming- how and why this is happening Deforestation- reasons for doing this and the impact it has on the environment How we can help to maintain ecosystems and biodiversity 	BBC bitesize Ecology https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zxxhh39 • Educake- please log on and choose these topics to answer questions on

Week 21	Monday 2 June	Paper 2 Revision Homeostasis and response, inheritance variation and evolution and ecology	Paper 2 personal revision (4.5 Homeostasis, 4.6 Inheritance, variation and evolution, 4.7 Ecology) Complete blank page retrieval of your revision sheets for these chapters Identify which gaps you still have Use revision guides, bbc bitesize and educake to address these issues	BBC bitesize trilogy science revision: <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/examspecs/z8r997h</u> AQA past paper questions paper 2 <u>https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/science/gcse/combined-</u> <u>science-trilogy-8464/assessment-</u> <u>resources?f.Component%7C7=Paper+2+Biology</u>
Week 22	Monday 9 June	9th June Biology paper 2		